

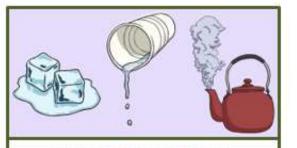
Knowledge Organisers 1st Spring Term

Science Yr 2 & 3 History Yr 3 Geography Yr 3 Art / DT Yr 3 PSHE Yr 3 PE French Class 2 (Year 2, 3 & 4)

Knowledge Organiser - Matter and Materials – Science - Year 2

Atoms	The smallest particle of a chemical element the can be used	
Molecule	A group of atoms, making the smallest unit of a chemical compound	
Solid	A substance or object that is firm and stable in shape	
Liquid	A substance that flows freely but is of constant volume	
Gas	An air-like fluid, which expands freely to fill any space available	
States of Matter	The different form in which matter can exist and matter can change states. Include additional vocabulary; Ice, freeze, heat, melt, steam, condensation, change,	
Material	The specific matter something is made from	
Properties	How a material feels, behaves and can be changed	
Suitable	Why a material is right for one purpose or object	
Purpose	What something is used for	
Materials;	Wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, stone, paper and cardboard, ice, fabric, leather, water	
Properties;	Hard, soft, rough, smooth, shiny, dull, magnetic, transparent, bendy, waterproof, strong, stiff, squashy, stretchy, elastic	

States of Matter	Atoms and Molecules	
Solid- A substance or object that is firm and stable in shape.		
Liquid- A substance that flows freely but has constant volume.		
Gas- An air-like fluid, which expands freely to fill any space available, irrespective of its quantity.		



Freeze →Warm → Heat Ice →Water → Steam Solid →Liquid →Gas



Metal



Plastic

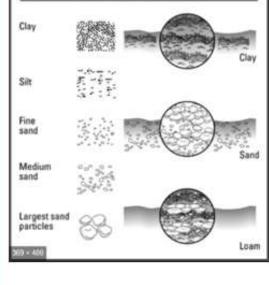
Knowledge Organiser – Rocks, Fossils and Soil – Science – Year 3

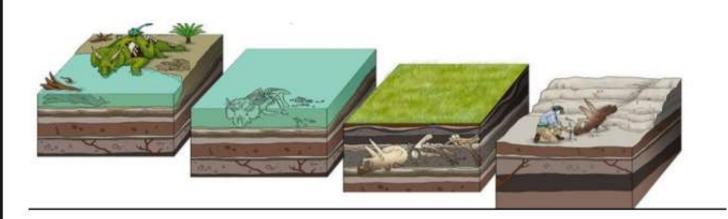
Key Vocabulary	Definition	
Rock	A solid mineral material forming part of the surface of earth	
Sedimentary	Rocks that are made of small particles laid down over time	
Hardness	How well a rock resists being changed?	
Flint	Flint is a hard form of sedimentary rock	
Chalk	Chalk is limestone which is also a form of sedimentary rock	
Soil	Soil is a mixture of tiny particles of rocks, organic matter from animals and plants, as well as air and water	
Fossils	the remains or impression of a prehistoric plant or anima embedded in rock	
Organic matter	A substance come from recently living organisms?	
Permeability	Allowing water to pass through it	
Profile	A cross section of soil	





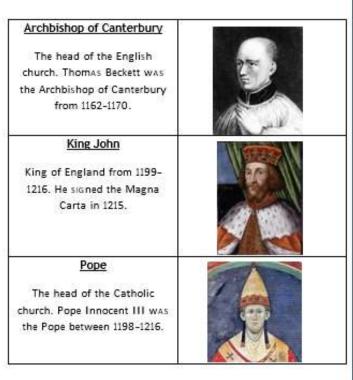
SOIL PARTICLES AND SOIL TYPES



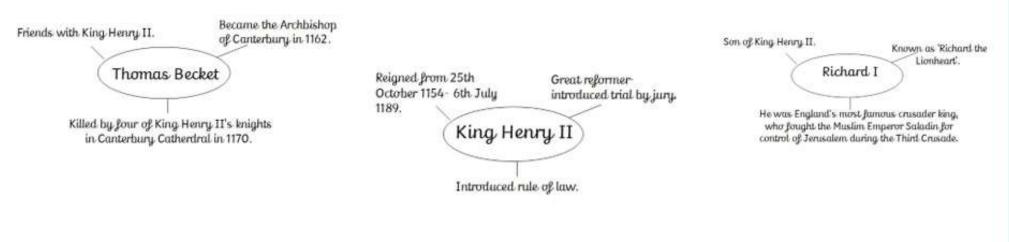


Knowledge Organiser- History- Law and Power.

Key Vocabulary	Definition	
jury	A group of people that make a decision on someone's guilt based on evidence given	
Rule of law	A set of rules that must be followed	
Trial by ordeal	To decide SOmeone's guilt by USE of a cruel test	
crUSAde	Series of invAsions of MUSlim controlled territory in the Holy Land by Christia armies	
Holy Land	Modern day Israel and Palestine	
knight	The King's soldier who wore armour	
tyrant	A cruel ruler	
Baron	A very powerful and wealthy landowner	
burgh	A medieval area of land	
parliament	The highest legislature, consisting of the Sovereign, House of LorDs and the House of Commons	
Magna Carta	A document of rules sealed by King John in 1215.	

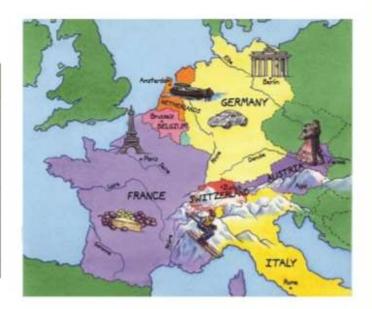


Key information:



Knowledge Organiser- Western Europe - Geography - Year 3

Key Vocabulary Definition		
Climate	The weather conditions in an area over a long period of time.	
Temperate Climate	 A climate where the conditions do not get extremely hot or extreme cold. 	
Trade	Buying and selling things, for example food, machines, books	
Import	Buying things from other countries.	
Export	Selling things to other countries.	
Agriculture	The farming of plants and/or animals.	
The Alps	A large mountain range located in Western Europe.	





Country	Capital	Language(s)
France	Paris	French
Germany	Berlin	German
Belgium	Brussels	French and Flemish
Switzerland	Bern	German, French and Italian
Austria	Vienna	German
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